

CS-426 Database Development
Professor Ricardo Jimenez

Final Project:
Football Equipment Database

By Todd J.
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I – Database Requirements

A. Background

The <unnamed football team> is a professional NFL sports team in South Florida. They are an NFL franchise with a training facility located in Davie, Florida. Within the training facility exists an equipment department. Considering the nature of the staff and the players, it's become extremely important for the equipment department to have the ability to keep track of everything that goes in and out of their inventory. The players and staff rely on the equipment department to ensure that they have the necessary gear at the stadium and on the practice field. The game day field and support staff also rely on the equipment department to ensure that they have the latest NFL standard issue for game time.

The equipment department currently use an outdated system written originally in Access 95. The original developer of the system was not a programmer or an analyst, but a very hands-on computer user who converted their Lotus 1-2-3 spreadsheets into a useable database system. The system was simply designed ad-hoc in order to serve an immediate need. Although already written in Microsoft Access, the table structure and layout were done without a case study. The tables lack normalization and development for the system is excruciatingly difficult due to the poor table and structure layout. The old system exists as nothing more than a series of spreadsheets imported into access with few, if any relational keys.

The scope of this project will be to provide the equipment department with a solid foundation that their department can grow and expand with. It should fill their immediate needs that aren't currently being met with their existing system. It will provide them with a good platform with which they can expand should the need arise.

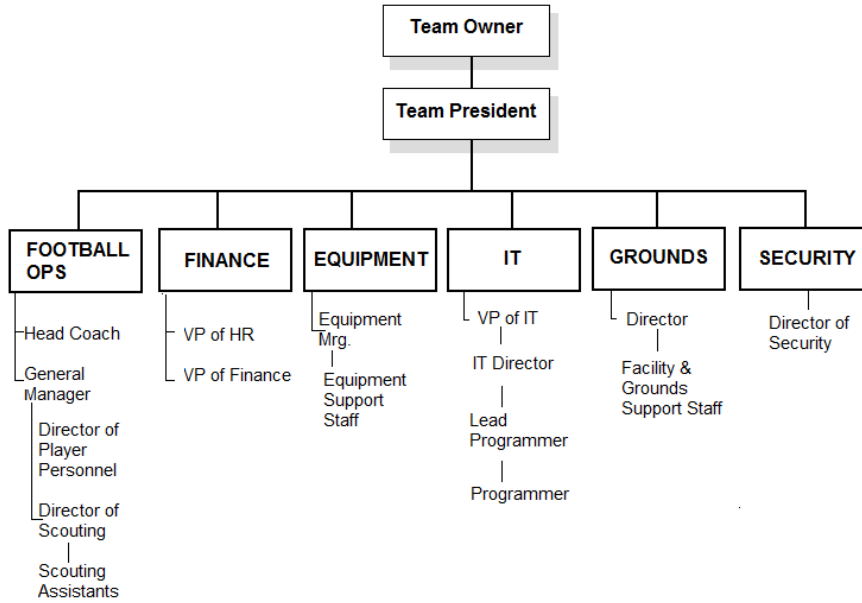
B. Business Roles – By Group

1. Staff / Players: The system should keep track of all current staff members. This includes players, coaches, and support staff. The system should be efficient enough to expand, if needed, the number of departments and types of staff. The system should be generic enough to handle all types of personnel data, while being specific enough to meet all the requirements needed for the player information. It would be ideal to make the system configurable enough to allow for the retainment of terminated or waived employees or players. This would allow the equipment staff to maintain the player and personnel sizes if this player or staff member should return to employment.
2. Items: The equipment department needs to be able to keep track of what items they purchase, the types of items they purchase, and how to properly categorize them. There needs to be a distinction between players, coaching staff, and support staff.

3. Inventory / Issuance: The equipment department needs to be able to keep track of the inventory in their department. Specifically, they need to be able to determine who has what so they can determine how many the staff or player has already been issued of that particular item. It's also imperative that they be able to provide detailed lists to operations to better facilitate their annual budget. This will provide an additional feature to them as they'll be able to determine what items they have surplus or excess of. This will reduce the department's costs in terms of donation / auction / charity items.

4. Vendors: Vendor relations are important to the equipment department. Purchasing your items from a common source can provide the team with discounts and savings. A benefit to storing the vendor's contact information in the system is the ability to see where the items in inventory came from.

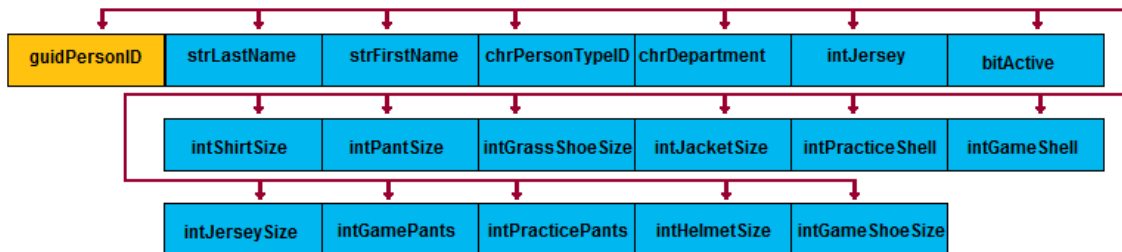
II – Team Organizational Chart



III – Equipment Database and Functional Dependencies

1. **Persons Table** - No transitional or partial dependencies, 3NF

tblPersons (guidPersonID, strLastName, strFirstName, chrPersonTypeID, chrDepartmentCodeID, intJersey, bitActive, intShirtSize, intPantSize, intGrassShoeSize, intJacketSize, intPracticeShell, intGameShell, intJerseySize, intGamePants, intPracticePants, intHelmetSize, intGameShoeSize)



There are no transient or partial dependencies in the Persons Table. Although another table could be added which would be responsible purely for the item sizes, it would create a 1 to 1 relationship. It is therefore the most responsible thing to store this information directly to the person table as it is directly attributed to the person.

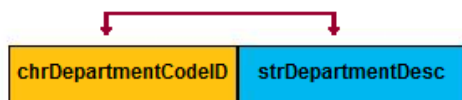
Persons Type Table - No transitional or partial dependencies, 3NF

tblPersonsType (chrPersonType, strPersonTypeDesc)

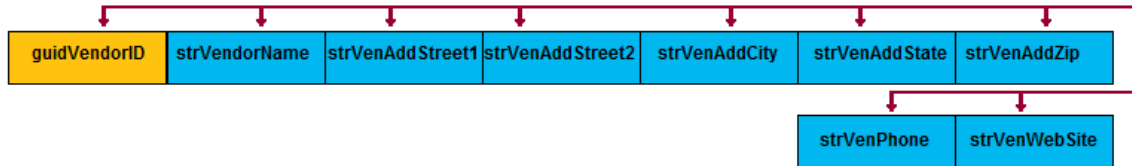


Department Table - No transitional or partial dependencies, 3NF

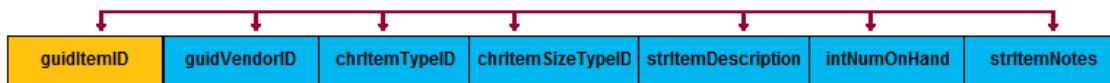
tblDepartment (chrDepartmentCodeID, strDepartmentDesc)



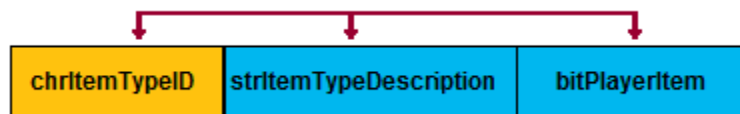
2. **Vendor Table** - No transitional or partial dependencies, 3NF
tblVendor (guidVendorID, strVendorName, strVenAddStreet1, strVenAddStreet2, strVenAddCity, strVenAddState, strVenAddZip, strVenPhone, strVenWebSite)



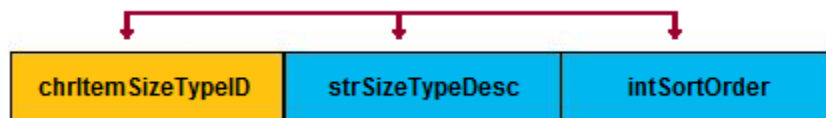
3. **Items Table** - No transitional or partial dependencies, 3NF
tblItems (guidItemID, guidVendorID, chrItemTypeID, chrItemSizeTypeID, strItemDescription, intNumOnHand, strItemNotes)



- Item Category Type** - No transitional or partial dependencies, 3NF
tblItemCategoryType (chrItemTypeID, strItemTypeDescription, bitPlayerItem)



- Item Size Type** - No transitional or partial dependencies, 3NF
tblItemSizeTypes (chrItemSizeTypeID, strSizeTypeDesc, intSortOrder)



4. **Item Issue Table** - No transitional or partial dependencies, 3NF
tblItemIssue (guidIssueID, guidPersonID, guidItemID, intNumIssued, strComments)



IV – Equipment Database Normalization, Dependencies and Entity Analysis

1. **User Identification**
 - Last Name**
 - First Name**
 - Group Type**
 - Department Name**
 - Status**
 - Clothing Sizes**
 - User Identifications are assigned by the equipment manager. Domain / Account IDs are assigned by the Administrator.
 - It is important to know which “group” the person belongs to. This would include three main categories, Player, Coach, and Staff.
 - It is also important to know which departments the person falls under. Although Players and Coaches automatically fall under Football Operations, the staff departments are diverse. It’s important for the equipment manager to know this as the type of equipment used or issued is dependant upon this.
 - As each person has a specific set of sizes, dependant upon the equipment they use, it would likely be useful to store this information directly in the Persons table, rather than in a separate table. A 1 to 1 relation to another table would not be ideal.

Functional Dependencies Analysis:

tblPersons (guidPersonID, strLastName, strFirstName, chrPersonTypeID, chrDepartmentCodeID, intJersey, bitActive, intShirtSize, intPantSize, intGrassShoeSize, intJacketSize, intPracticeShell, intGameShell, intJerseySize, intGamePants, intPracticePants, intHelmetSize, intGameShoeSize)

There is a dependency between the Persons Table, Group Type, and Department. It is therefore recommended that a separate table for GROUP and DEPARTMENT be created. The chrPersonTypeID is left as a foreign key to the tblPersonType table, and chrDepartmentCodeID is left as a foreign key to the tblDepartment table.

Relation	Primary Key	Foreign Key
Person	Person ID	PersonTypeID, DepartmentID
Person Group	PersonTypeID	
Department	DepartmentID	

2. **Person Group Type ID**
Person Group Description

- User Group Type is defined by the role or position that the employee meets within the organization. This is broken up into three main groups, PLAYERS, STAFF, COACHES.
- Person Group Description will be the full description of the group, while the ID will simply be a referential three-character key.

Functional Dependencies Analysis:

tblPersonsType (chrPersonType, strPersonTypeDesc)

The Group table is referential to the Persons table. It's primary key, chrPersonTypeID is a foreign key within the Persons Table.

Relation	Primary Key	Foreign Key
Person	Person ID	PersonTypeID
Person Group	PersonTypeID	

**3. Department ID
Department Description**

- User Department is defined by the role or position that the employee meets within the organization. This is broken up into many types.
- Department Description will be the full description of the Department, while the ID will simply be a referential three-character key.

Functional Dependencies Analysis:

tblDepartment (chrDepartmentCodeID, strDepartmentDesc)

The Department table is referential to the Persons table. It's primary key, chrDepartmentCodeID is a foreign key within the Persons Table.

Relation	Primary Key	Foreign Key
Person	Person ID	DepartmentID
Department	DepartmentID	

4. **Vendor ID**
 Vendor Name
 Vendor Address
 Vendor Phone
 Vendor Website
- The Vendor is defined as the supplier of the items for the item table. It will be beneficial for the equipment department to store this data in a single repository.
 - Complete vendor information should be stored. Address, City, State, and Zip, as well as contact phone, and the internet web address.

Functional Dependencies Analysis:

tblVendor (guidVendorID, strVendorName, strVenAddStreet1, strVenAddStreet2, strVenAddCity, strVenAddState, strVenAddZip, strVenPhone, strVenWebSite)

The Vendor table is referential to the Items table. It's primary key, guidVendorID is a foreign key within the Items Table.

Relation	Primary Key	Foreign Key
Items	Item ID	Vendor ID
Vendor	Vendor ID	

5. **Item**
Item Type
Vendor Name
Item Size Type
Item Description
Inventory
Item Notes

- The Item table is defined as the purchased inventory items. They would be stored in this table, keeping track of how many, and from where they were purchased. This would be linked by three referential tables. In total, this table would combine the type of item, the item size, the quantity, and from where it was purchased.
- Complete vendor information would be accessed by the foreign key, Vendor ID.
- Item Size Type information would be accessed by the foreign key, Item Size Type ID.
- Item Type ID information would be accessed by the foreign key, Item Type ID.

Functional Dependencies Analysis:

tblItems (guidItemID, guidVendorID, chrItemTypeID, chrItemSizeTypeID, strItemDescription, intNumOnHand, strItemNotes)

The Item table has three referential tables; Vendor, Item Size Type, and Item Type. It's primary key, guidItemID is a foreign key within the Items Issued Table, which includes a list of the items that have been issued to the people defined in the Persons Table.

Relation	Primary Key	Foreign Key
Items	Item ID	Vendor ID, Item Type ID, Item Size ID
Vendor	Vendor ID	
Item Type	Item Type ID	
Item Size	Item Size ID	

**6. Item Type
Item Type Description**

- The Item Type table defines the total available item types. These are the categories that the items purchased will fall into. It's referential to the Items table.

Functional Dependencies Analysis:

tblItemCategoryType (chrItemTypeID, strItemTypeDescription, bitPlayerItem)

The Item Category Type table is referential to the Items table. It's primary key, chrItemTypeID is a foreign key within the Items Table.

Relation	Primary Key	Foreign Key
Items	Item ID	Item Type ID
Item Type	Item Type ID	

**7. Item Size Type
Item Size Type Description
Sort Order**

- The Item Size Type table defines the total available sizes. These are the sizes that the items purchased will need to fall into. It's referential to the Items table.
- It will also include a Sort Order so that the display of the sizes will be in a respective order.

Functional Dependencies Analysis:

tblItemSizeTypes (chrItemSizeTypeID, strSizeTypeDesc, intSortOrder)

The Size Item Type table is referential to the Items table. It's primary key, chrItemSizeTypeID is a foreign key within the Items Table.

Relation	Primary Key	Foreign Key
Items	Item ID	Item Size Type ID
Item Size Type	Item Size Type ID	

8. **Item Issue ID**
 Person ID
 Item ID
 Quantity Issued
 Comments
- The Items Issued table will keep track of the number of items and the type of items that were issued. In addition, it will also keep track of who the items were issued to.
 - The items issued table is the top of the tree whereby all other tables branch from it. It is the cornerstone table.

Functional Dependencies Analysis:

tblItemIssue (guidIssueID, guidPersonID, guidItemID, intNumIssued, strComments)

The Item Issue table is referential to the two main tables, Items and Persons. This is the key table that brings the two branches of tables together.

Relation	Primary Key	Foreign Key
Item Issue	Issue ID	Item ID, Person ID
Items	Item ID	
Persons	Person ID	

V – Equipment Database Conceptual Schema

1. TBLPERSONS – Entity

Attribute	Type	Format / Example	Req.	PK or FK	Ref. Table	Comments
guidPersonID	AutoNumber	12	Y	PK		Person ID
strLastName	Text(50)	Jaspers	Y			Last Name
strFirstName	Text(50)	Todd	N			First Name
chrPersonTypeID	Text(1)	S	Y	FK	tblPersonType	Group Type
chrDepartmentCodeID	Text(3)	SIT	Y	FK	tblDepartment	Department ID
intJersey	Number		N			Jersey Number
bitActive	Yes/No	True	Y			Status
intShirtSize	Number	22	N			Size
intPantSize	Number	36	N			Size
intGrassShoeSize	Number	12	N			Size
intJacketSize	Number	44	N			Size
intHatSize	Number	41	N			Size
intPracticeShell	Number		N			Size
intGameShell	Number		N			Size
intJerseySize	Number		N			Size
intGamePants	Number		N			Size
intPracticePants	Number		N			Size
intHelmetSize	Number		N			Size
intGameShoeSize	Number		N			Size

2. TBLPERSONSTYPE – Entity

Attribute	Type	Format / Example	Req.	PK or FK	Ref. Table	Comments
chrPersonTypeID	Text(1)	S	Y	PK		Group Type ID
strPersonTypeDesc	Text(50)	Staff	Y			Group Type Desc.

Relationship / Entities	Connectivity	Attributes
PERSON TYPE → PERSONS	1 : M	Group Type ID

3. TBLDEPARTMENT – Entity

Attribute	Type	Format / Example	Req.	PK or FK	Ref. Table	Comments
chrDepartmentCodeID	Text(3)	FOP	Y	PK		Department ID
strDepartmentDesc	Text(50)	Football Operations	Y			Department Desc.

Relationship / Entities	Connectivity	Attributes
DEPARTMENT → PERSONS	1 : M	Department ID

4. TBLVENDOR – Entity

Attribute	Type	Format / Example	Req.	PK or FK	Ref. Table	Comments
guidVendorID	AutoNumber	1	Y	PK		Vendor ID
strVendorName	Text(50)	Schutt Equipment Inc.	Y			Vendor Name
strVenAddStreet1	Text(50)	123 Chain Bridge Rd.	Y			Street 1
strVenAddStreet2	Text(50)		N			Street 2
strVenAddCity	Text(50)	Richmond	Y			City
strVenAddState	Text(2)	VA	Y			State
strVenAddZip	Text(50)-Case	22180	Y			Zip
strVenPhone	Text(50)-Case	804-741-5768	Y			Phone
strVenWebSite	Text(50)	http://www.Schutt.com	N			Web Address

Relationship / Entities	Connectivity	Attributes
VENDOR → ITEMS	1 : M	Vendor ID

5. TBLITEMS – Entity

Attribute	Type	Format / Example	Req.	PK or FK	Ref. Table	Comments
guidItemID	AutoNumber	1	Y	PK		Item ID
guidVendorID	Number	12	Y	FK	tblVendor	Vendor ID
chrItemTypeID	Text(3)	PPS	Y	FK	tblItemCategoryType	Category Typ
chrItemSizeTypeID	Text(4)	SM	Y	FK	tblItemSizeTypeID	Item Size
strItemDescription	Text(50)	Schutt Practice Shells	Y			Description
intNumOnHand	Number	52	Y			Quantity
strItemNotes	Text(255)	New Shipment	N			Notes

6. TBLITEMSIZETYPES – Entity

Attribute	Type	Format / Example	Req.	PK or FK	Ref. Table	Comments
chrItemSizeTypeID	Text(4)	SM	Y	PK		Item Size ID
strSizeTypeDesc	Text(50)	Small	Y			Description
intSortOrder	Number	0	Y			Sort Order

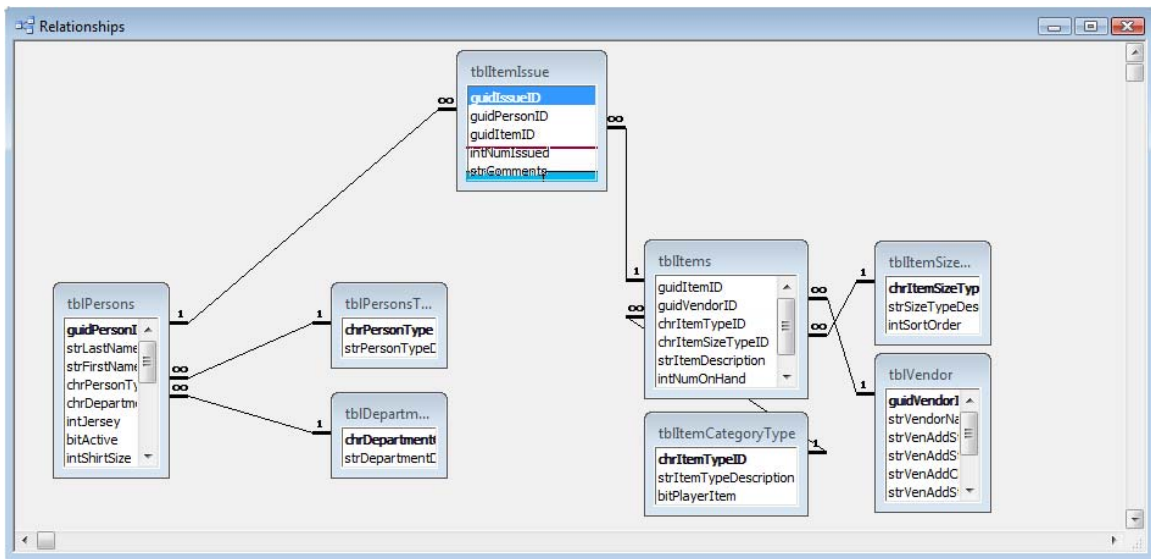
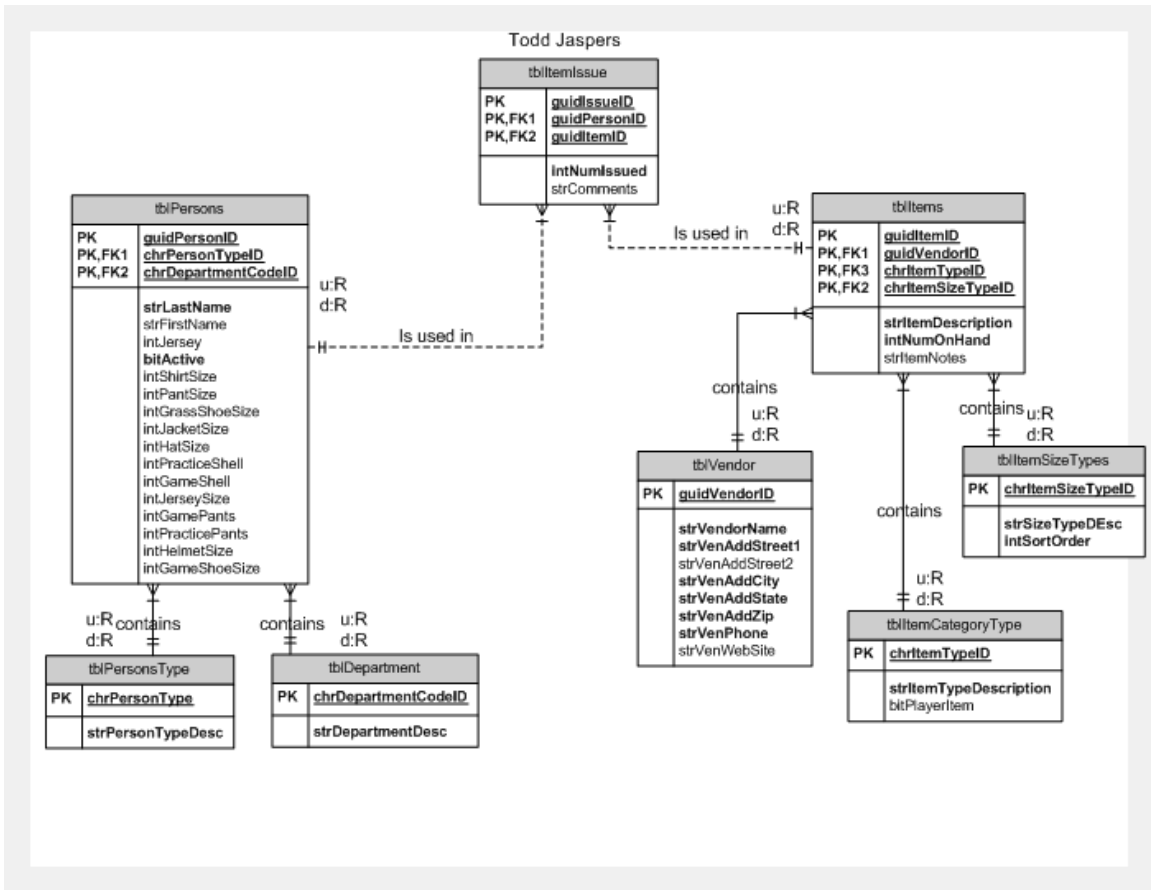
Relationship / Entities	Connectivity	Attributes
SIZE TYPES → ITEMS	1 : M	Item Size Type ID

7. TBLITEMCATEGORYTYPE - Entity

Attribute	Type	Format / Example	Req.	PK or FK	Ref. Table	Comments
chrItemTypeID	Text(3)	PPS	Y	PK		Item Type ID
strItemTypeDescription	Text(50)	Player Practice Shells	Y			Description
bitPlayerItem	Yes/No	True	Y			Boolean

Relationship / Entities	Connectivity	Attributes
ITEM TYPES → ITEMS	1 : M	Item Type ID

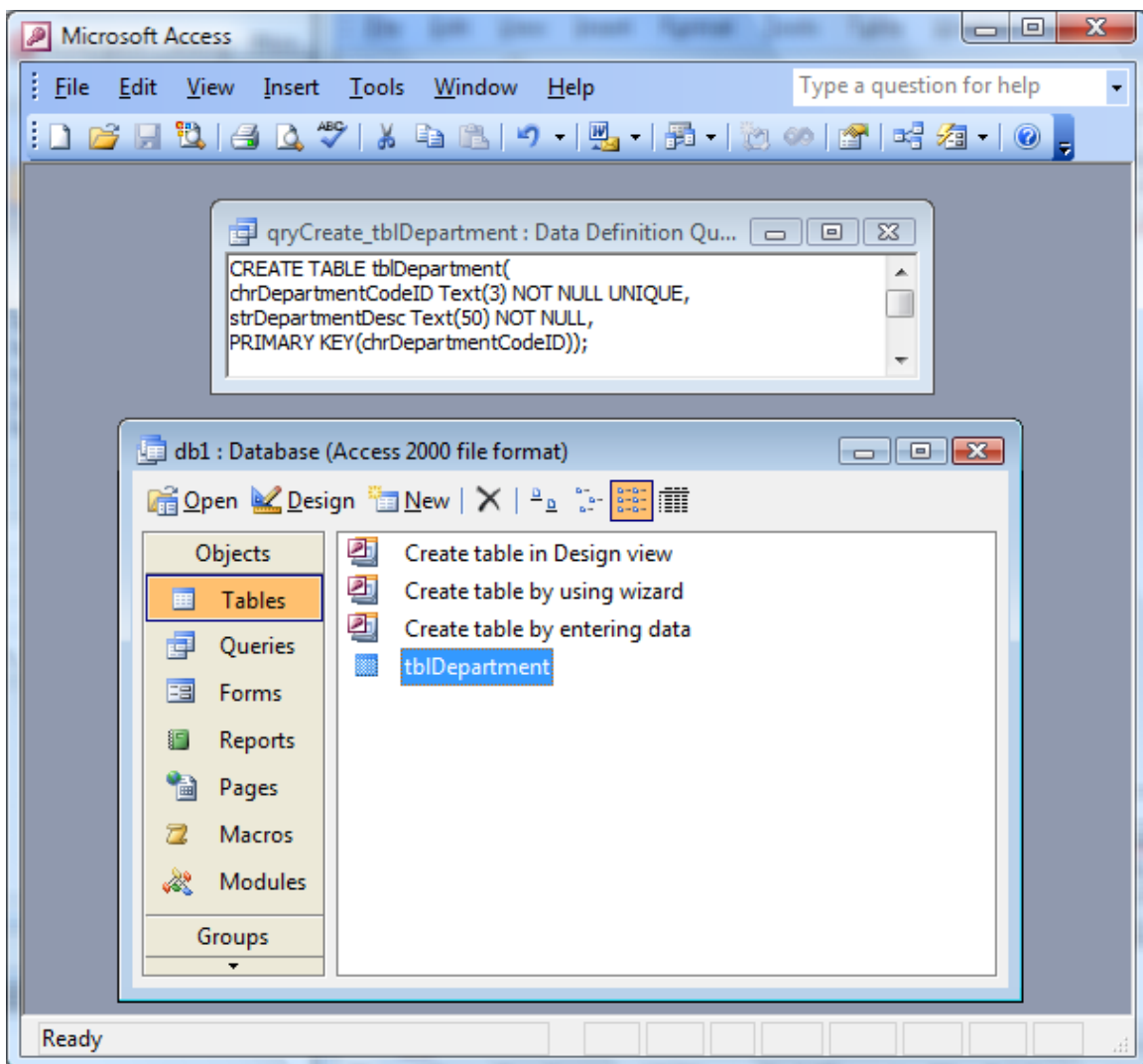
VI – Equipment Entity Relational Diagram



VII – Implementation of Relational Schema – Creation of Tables by Using Access SQL Data Definition Queries.

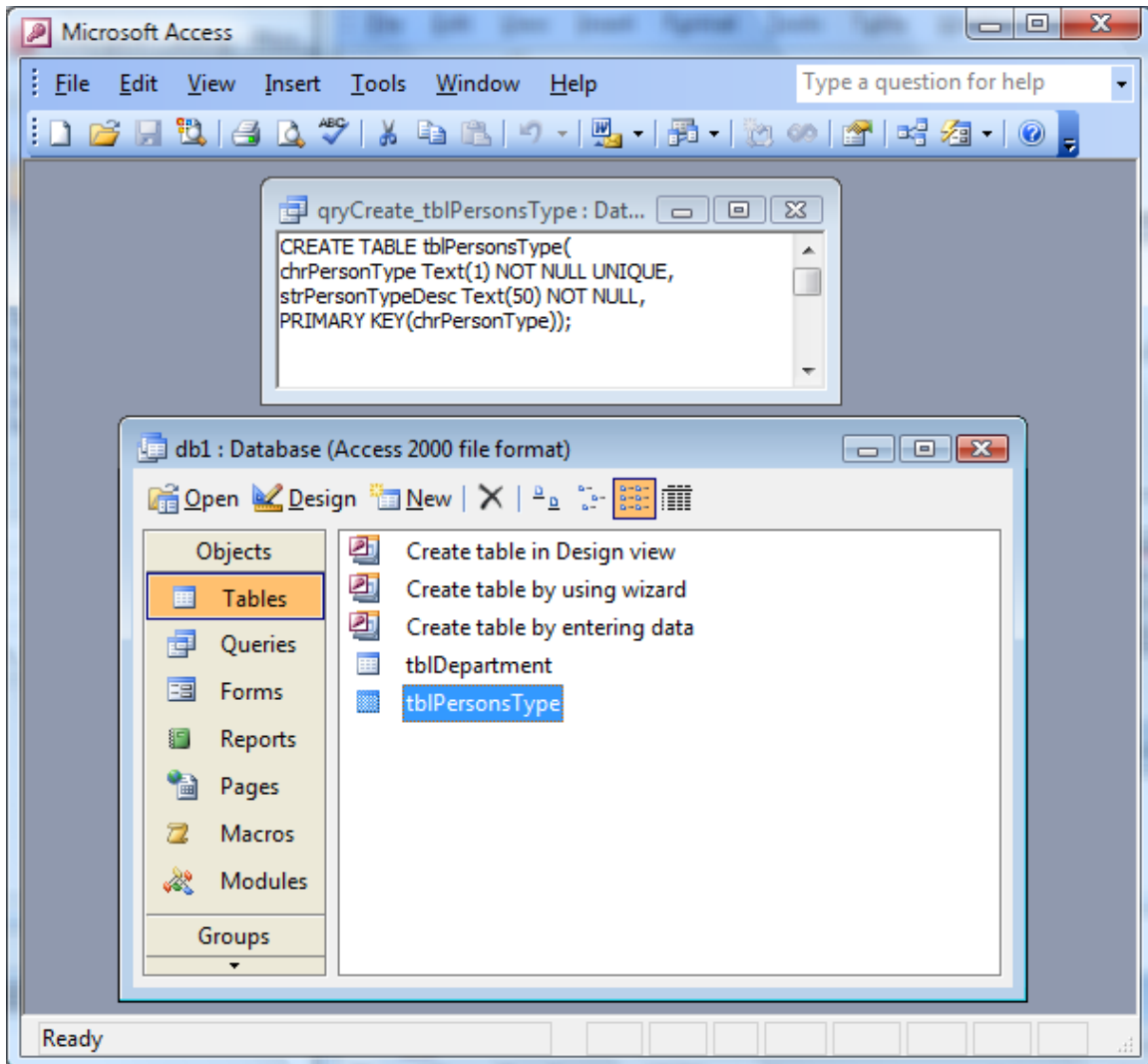
1) **tblDepartment** TABLE

DDL Query Name:	qryCreate_tblDepartment
	<pre>CREATE TABLE tblDepartment(chrDepartmentCodeID Text(3) NOT NULL UNIQUE, strDepartmentDesc Text(50) NOT NULL, PRIMARY KEY(chrDepartmentCodeID));</pre>



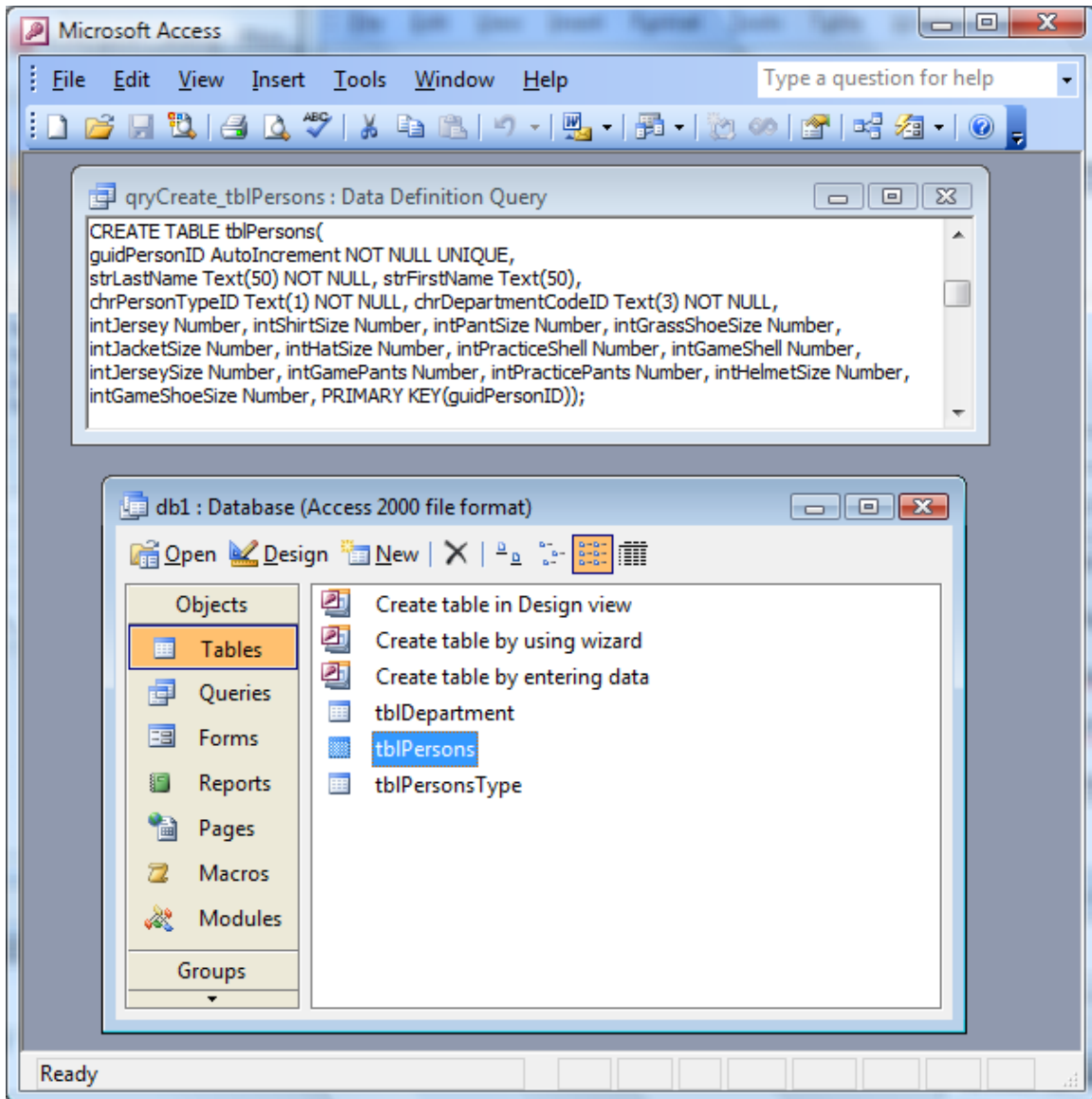
2) **tblPersonsType** TABLE

DDL Query Name:	qryCreate_tblPersonsType
	<pre>CREATE TABLE tblPersonsType(chrPersonType Text(1) NOT NULL UNIQUE, strPersonTypeDesc Text(50) NOT NULL, PRIMARY KEY(chrPersonType));</pre>



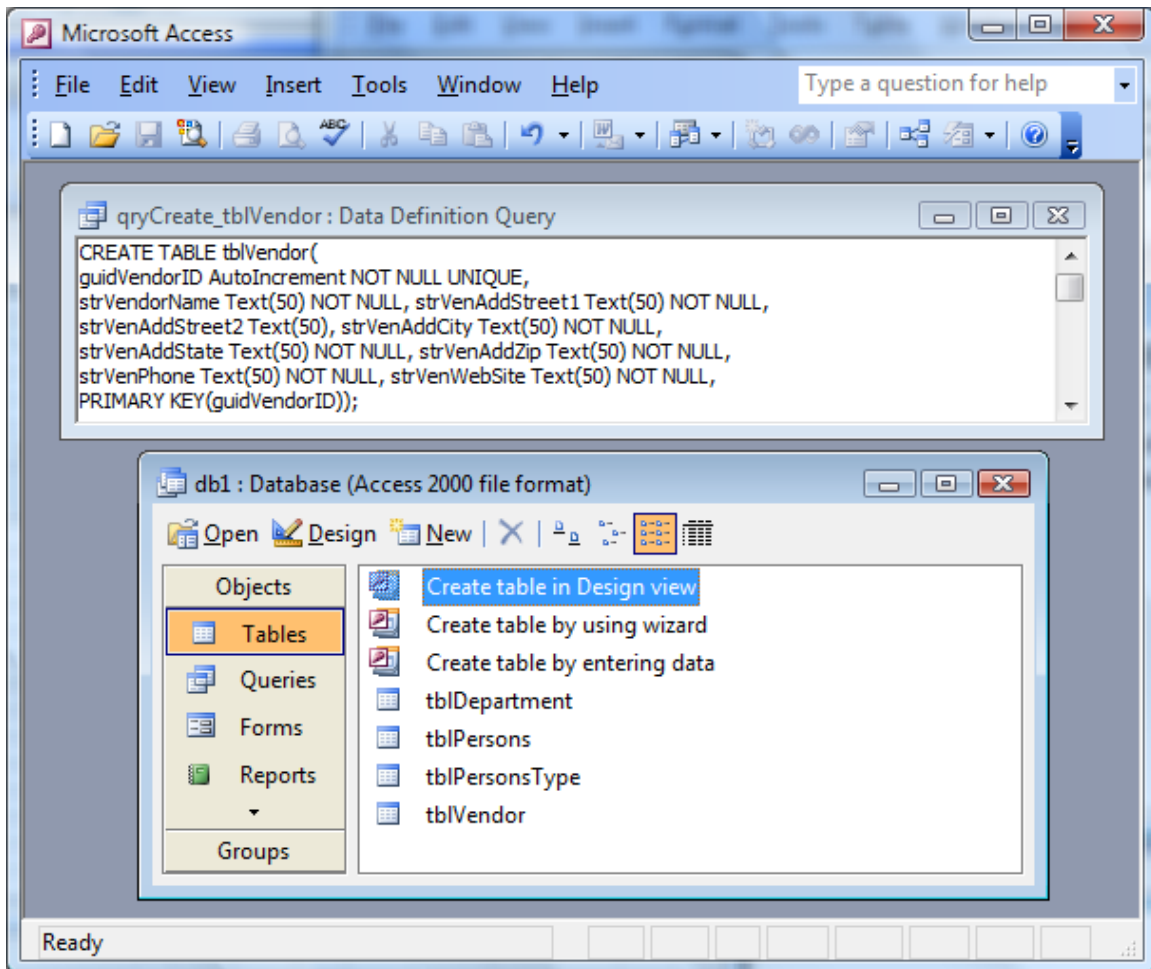
3) **tblPersons** TABLE

DDL Query Name:	qryCreate_tblPersons
	<pre>CREATE TABLE tblPersons(guidPersonID AutoIncrement NOT NULL UNIQUE, strLastName Text(50) NOT NULL, strFirstName Text(50), chrPersonTypeID Text(1) NOT NULL, chrDepartmentCodeID Text(3) NOT NULL, intJersey Number, intShirtSize Number, intPantSize Number, intGrassShoeSize Number, intJacketSize Number, intHatSize Number, intPracticeShell Number, intGameShell Number, intJerseySize Number, intGamePants Number, intPracticePants Number, intHelmetSize Number, intGameShoeSize Number, PRIMARY KEY(guidPersonID), FOREIGN KEY (chrPersonTypeID) REFERENCES tblPersonsType, FOREIGN KEY (chrDepartmentCodeID) REFERENCES tblDepartment);</pre>



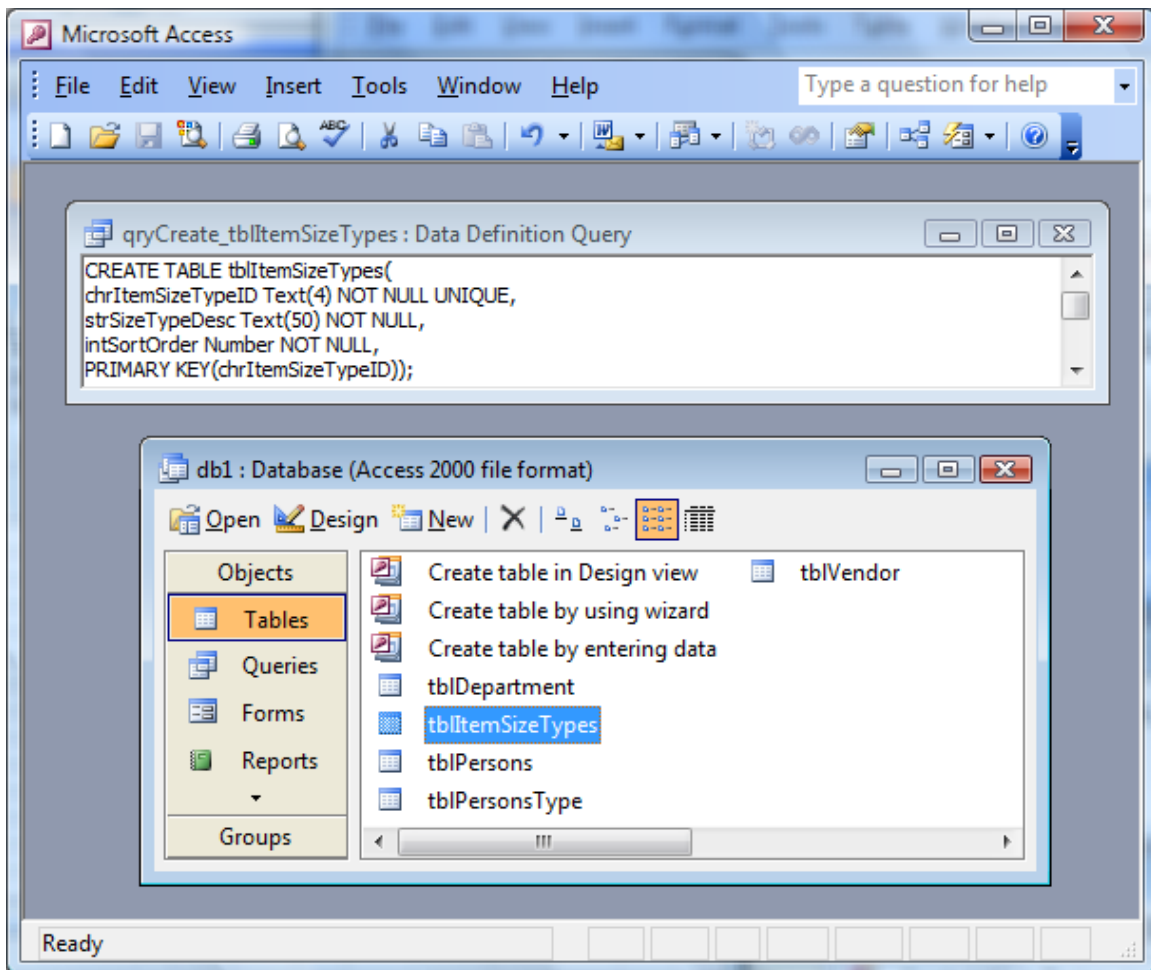
4) **tblVendor** TABLE

DDL Query Name:	qryCreate_tblVendor
	<pre>CREATE TABLE tblVendor(guidVendorID AutoIncrement NOT NULL UNIQUE, strVendorName Text(50) NOT NULL, strVenAddStreet1 Text(50) NOT NULL, strVenAddStreet2 Text(50), strVenAddCity Text(50) NOT NULL, strVenAddState Text(50) NOT NULL, strVenAddZip Text(50) NOT NULL, strVenPhone Text(50) NOT NULL, strVenWebSite Text(50) NOT NULL, PRIMARY KEY(guidVendorID));</pre>



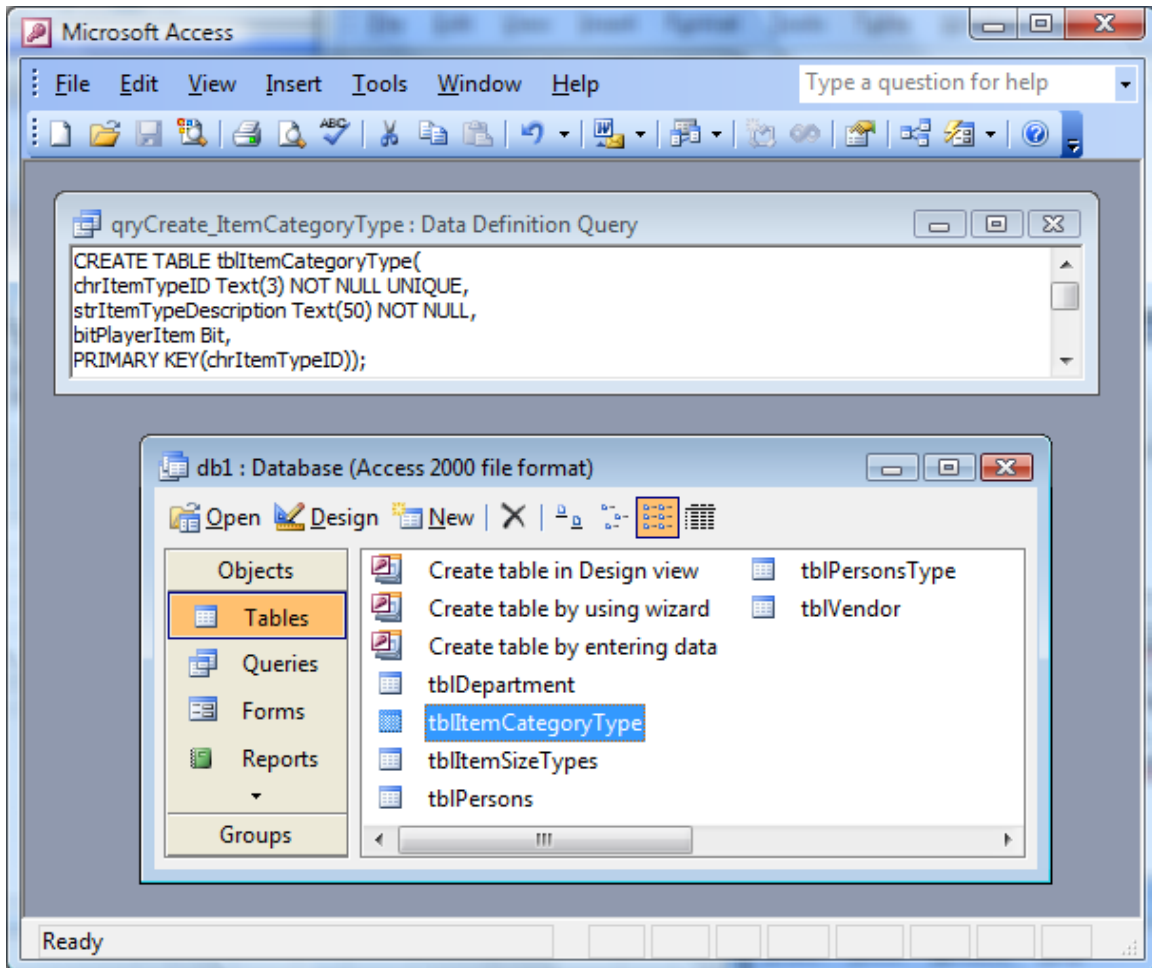
5) **tblItemSizeTypes** TABLE

DDL Query Name:	qryCreate_tblItemSizeTypes
	<pre>CREATE TABLE tblItemSizeTypes(chrItemSizeTypeID Text(4) NOT NULL UNIQUE, strSizeTypeDesc Text(50) NOT NULL, intSortOrder Number NOT NULL, PRIMARY KEY(chrItemSizeTypeID));</pre>



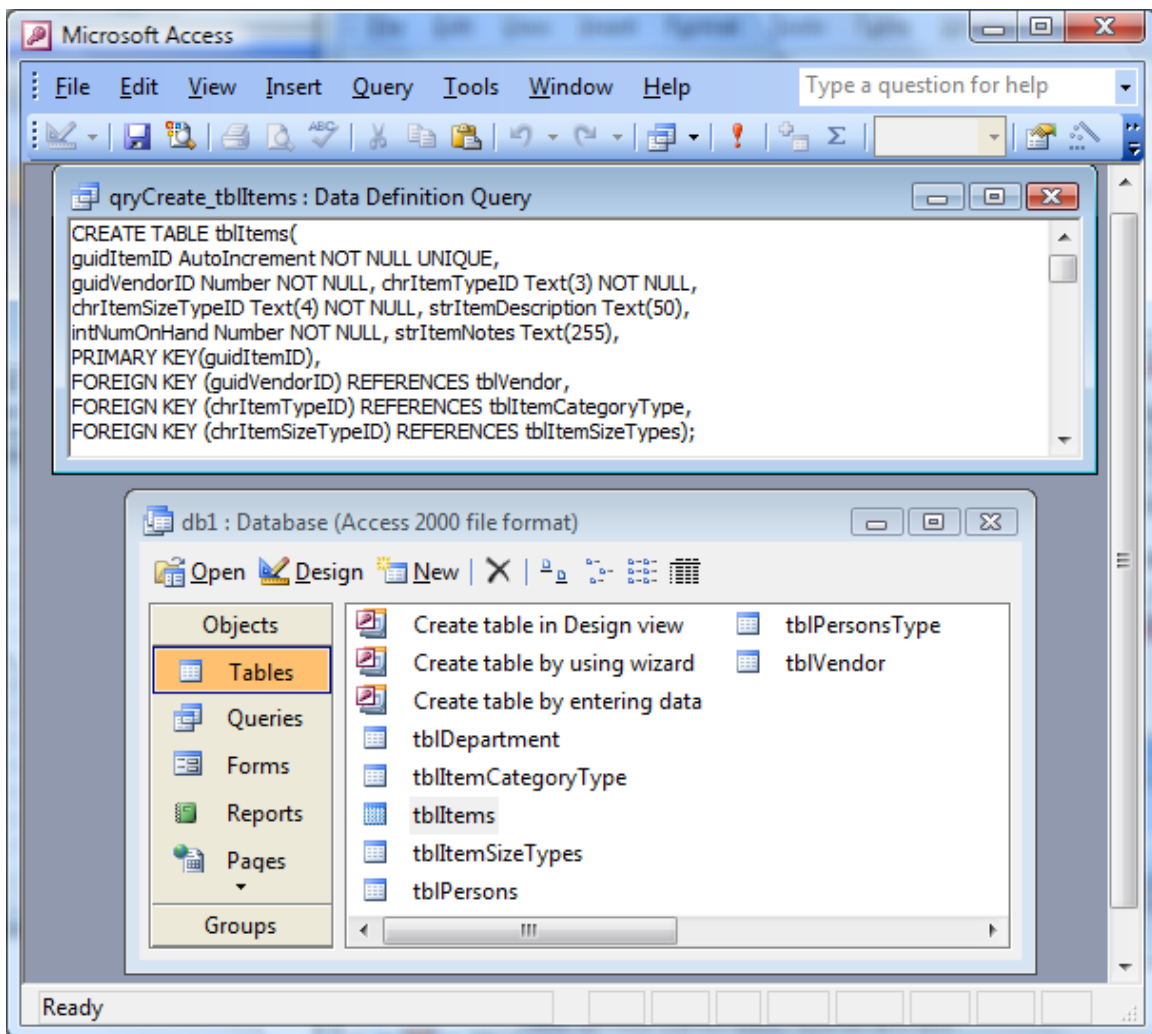
6) **tblItemCategoryType** TABLE

DDL Query Name:	qryCreate_tblItemCategoryType
	<pre>CREATE TABLE tblItemCategoryType(chrItemTypeID Text(3) NOT NULL UNIQUE, strItemTypeDescription Text(50) NOT NULL, bitPlayerItem Bit, PRIMARY KEY(chrItemTypeID));</pre>



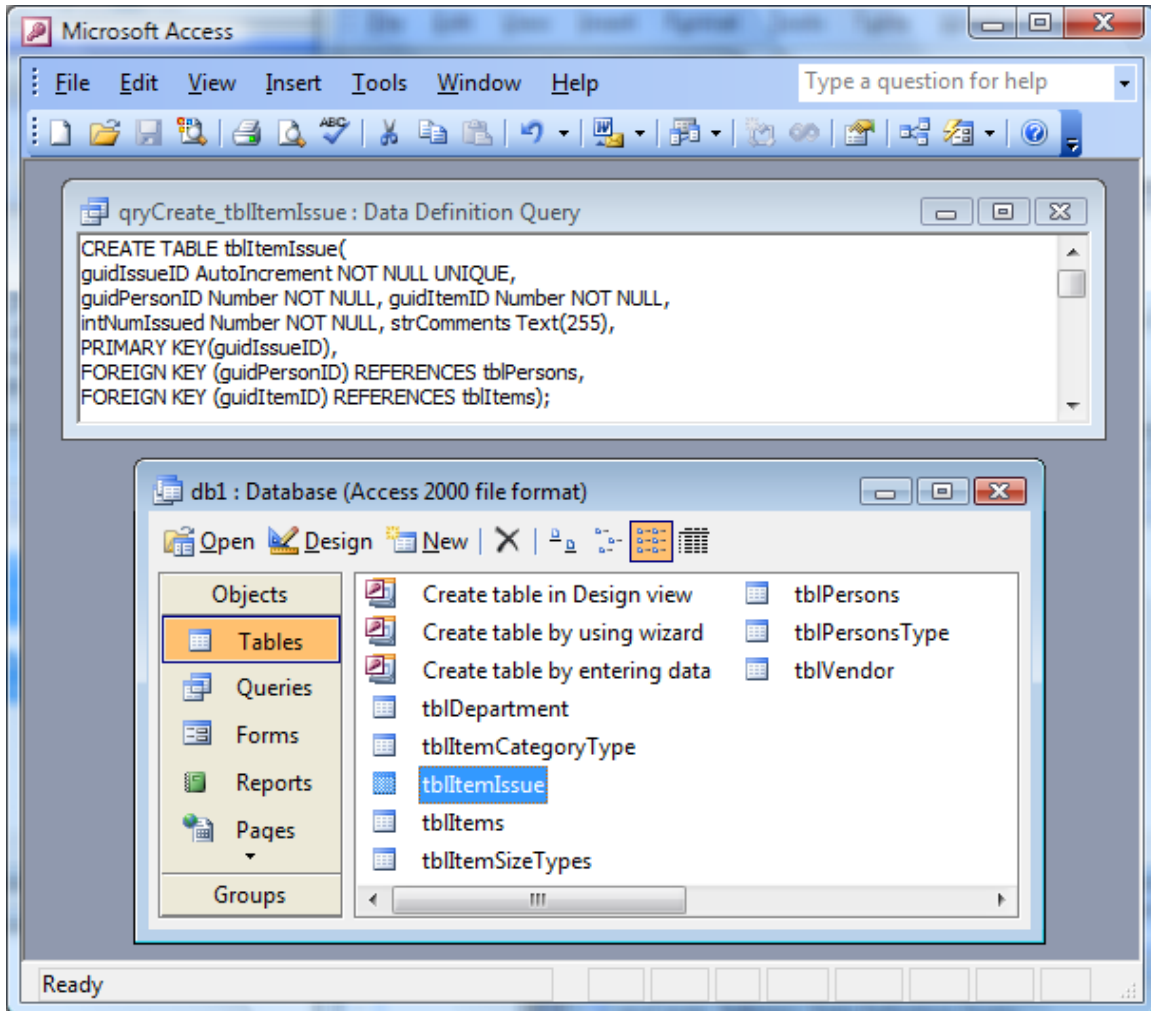
7) **tblItems** TABLE

DDL Query Name:	qryCreate_tblItems
	<pre>CREATE TABLE tblItems(guidItemID AutoIncrement NOT NULL UNIQUE, guidVendorID Number NOT NULL, chrItemTypeID Text(3) NOT NULL, chrItemSizeTypeID Text(4) NOT NULL, strItemDescription Text(50), intNumOnHand Number NOT NULL, strItemNotes Text(255), PRIMARY KEY(guidItemID), FOREIGN KEY (guidVendorID) REFERENCES tblVendor, FOREIGN KEY (chrItemTypeID) REFERENCES tblItemCategoryType, FOREIGN KEY (chrItemSizeTypeID) REFERENCES tblItemSizeTypes);</pre>



8) **tblItemIssue** TABLE

DDL Query Name:	qryCreate_tblItemIssue
	<pre>CREATE TABLE tblItemIssue(guidIssueID AutoIncrement NOT NULL UNIQUE, guidPersonID Number NOT NULL, guidItemID Number NOT NULL, intNumIssued Number NOT NULL, strComments Text(255), PRIMARY KEY(guidIssueID), FOREIGN KEY (guidPersonID) REFERENCES tblPersons, FOREIGN KEY (guidItemID) REFERENCES tblItems);</pre>

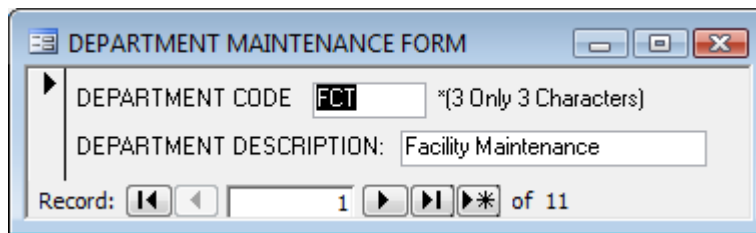


VIII – Population of Tables / Form Creation

In order to properly load the tables with usable data, forms were created to facilitate the proper data entry. This is more desirable than importing excel spreadsheets since the data can be properly authorized when input through the form. In some cases, because of the complexity of the Persons table layout, the form necessitated additional programming using Visual Basic. Examples of this will be shown below where appropriate.

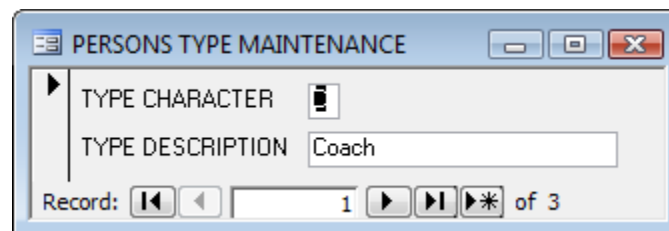
1) tblDepartment TABLE

A very simple form was all that was needed for the DEPARTMENT table. This table is used far less frequently. As such, it has been labeled the “Department Maintenance Form”. The data in this form is unlikely to change after the initial import. Still, for ease of use, this form was created to facilitate growth.



2) tblPersonsType TABLE

As with the Department table, the PersonsType table will also unlikely be used after the initial loading of the data. However, due to the unique and specific nature of a football team, it's imperative that this application have the diversity to be able to conform to changes.



3) tblPersons TABLE

The Persons table is unique in that it holds a different purpose depending upon the user that's operating the system. Because of this, TWO forms were created to facilitate the proper data entry into the system.

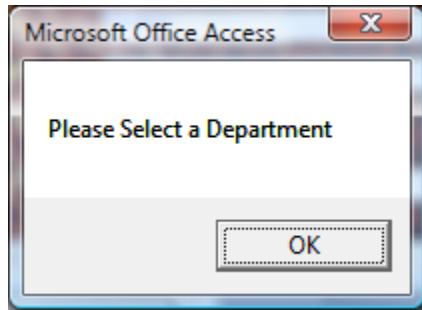
The **FIRST** form is the PERSONS ENTRY FORM. This form is used exclusively for creating the person, and assigning the respective department. It's worth noting that under current NFL operational schemas, Coaches and Players all exist under a department of "Football Operations". In the past, it was possible for coaches to be listed under departments other than Football Operations. This is no longer the case for most franchises. With those requirements in place, it was necessary to modify the form programming to automatically assign "Football Operations" to the Coaches and Players.

The "Staff Department" field and label are disabled unless a Person Type of "Staff" is selected. If a Person Type of Coach or Player is selected, the department type of "Football Operations" is automatically assigned.

Below is the programming for the On-Click Event for the PersonsType ComboBox:

```
Private Sub Combo10_Change()
    If (Combo10.Text = "Staff") Then
        cBxDepartment.Enabled = True
        MsgBox ("Please Select a
Department")
    Else
        cBxDepartment.Enabled = False
        cBxDepartment.Value = "FOP"
    End If
End Sub
```

When “Staff” is selected, the user is prompted with this notification box:



At this point, the user is granted access to the department field and may select the appropriate department.

The **SECOND** form related to the tblPersons table is specifically for entering player / coach / staff size information. This data is not immediately used for anything other than as a reference for the equipment department. With the exception of items like shirts and pants, most football equipment is ordered to a generic size, and the “fitted” to the player based on their specific measurements. This form will be used in entering the data for the player sizes. It’s worth noting that the **ONLY** persons who will display on this screen are pre-existing staff / players that were created in the aforementioned form. A user cannot create a new person from within this form as it will not allow it. Take note of the additional navigational buttons in the upper right-hand corner.

A screenshot of a Microsoft Access form titled "STAFF & PLAYER SIZES FORM". The form contains several text boxes for data entry. At the top, there are fields for "Person ID" and "Jersey Number" (with the value 13). Below these are fields for "Last Name" (with the value Marino) and "First Name" (with the value Dan). A section titled "Player Specific Sizes:" contains a grid of size-related fields: Jersey Size (43), Game Shoe Size (12), Practice Shell (22), Game Shell (21), Practice Pants (38), Game Pants (36), Helmet Size (23), Shirt Size (23), Pant Size (34), Shoe Size (12), Jacket Size (23), and Hat Size (21). In the upper right corner of the form, there are three buttons: a left arrow, a right arrow, and a button with a plus sign and a document icon. At the bottom, there is a record navigation bar showing "Record: 1 of 14" with various navigation icons.

4) tblVendor TABLE

The form tblVendor is used to store all the information related to the product vendors. This information is crucial to have stored in the database as it makes it easily accessible when ordering new equipment or submitting shells / equipment for repair. Since this table will be frequently modified in the beginning and likely the end of the season, it's more prominently displayed and has been dressed up.

5) tblItemSizeTypes TABLE

As with some of the earlier forms, the Item Size Types are unlikely to change, if at all. Although at the risk of drafting a historically massive linebacker that's completely off the charts, it might still be necessary to update these tables. Take note that the "Sort Order" exists so that the equipment manager can define how he wants the sizes to be ordered on the forms (or report). This gives him / her the utmost flexibility.

6) tblItemCategoryType TABLE

The Item Category Type table, while infrequently changed, will likely need to be used more often than some of the more static tables. Therefore it was necessary to create a more visible form for updating the item type categories. The form was dressed up slightly as it will be used more frequently than some of the other less frequently used forms.

7) tblItems TABLE

The Items table is one of, if not the most commonly used table. It therefore would necessitate a form that is frequently used as this is where the equipment manager would spend the majority of his / her time. This form is rather diverse, but uncomplicated. The Vendor, Item Type, and Item Size pull from their respective sources and the ID KEY is stored in the tblItems table in their respective fields.

8) tblItemIssue TABLE

The Item Issue Table will be the most commonly used table throughout the entire system. This is the form that will allow the equipment manager to issue items to the staff and the players. This form needs to be diverse and well organized.

The pull-down for the item is a multi-layered column. It provides the equipment manager a display which shows the full description as well as the number “on hand”.

ITEM DESCRIPTION	ON HAND
Large Dolphins AQUA/GREEN GameDay Shirt	[10]
Nike Cleats	[52]
Small Dolphins AQUA/GREEN GameDay Shirt	[6]
XL Dolphins AQUA/GREEN GameDay Shirt	[4]

This was performed with the following SQL Code in the ComboBox’s DATA field / Control Field.

```
SELECT tblItems.guidItemID,
tblItems.strItemDescription AS [ITEM DESCRIPTION],
"["+Cstr(tblItems.intNumOnHand)+"]" AS [ON HAND] FROM
tblItems ORDER BY tblItems.strItemDescription;
```

Note that “Convert To String / Cstr” function had to be used, as well as the Concatenate Feature.

IX – Queries, Reports & Quick View

To help facilitate the use of the system, queries were created not only for report usage, but also for the user to make changes. This section will be broken up into TWO sections, REPORTS and QUICK VIEW.

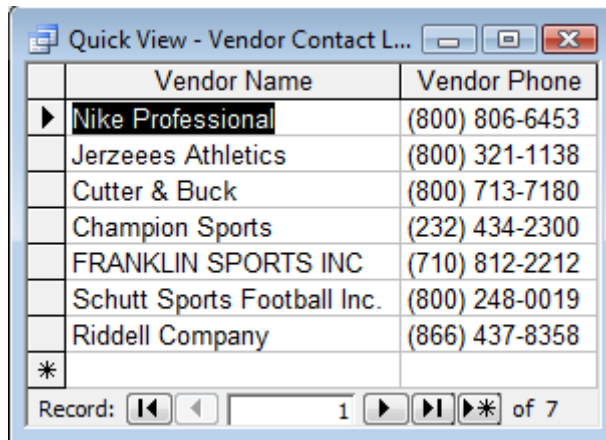
QUICK VIEW:

QuickView – Vendor Contact List

SQL –

```
SELECT T1.strVendorName AS [Vendor Name], T1.strVenPhone AS  
[Vendor Phone]  
FROM tblVendor AS T1;
```

POP-UP –



The screenshot shows a window titled "Quick View - Vendor Contact L...". It contains a table with two columns: "Vendor Name" and "Vendor Phone". The table lists seven vendors, with "Nike Professional" selected. Below the table is a record navigation bar showing "Record: 1 of 7".

	Vendor Name	Vendor Phone
▶	Nike Professional	(800) 806-6453
	Jerzeees Athletics	(800) 321-1138
	Cutter & Buck	(800) 713-7180
	Champion Sports	(232) 434-2300
	FRANKLIN SPORTS INC	(710) 812-2212
	Schutt Sports Football Inc.	(800) 248-0019
	Riddell Company	(866) 437-8358
*		

Record: 1 of 7

QuickView –Currently Issued Items (Player, Coach, Staff are identical)

SQL –

```
SELECT tblPersons.strLastName + ", " + tblPersons.strFirstName as  
Name, tblItemIssue.intNumIssued as [# Issued],  
tblItemCategoryType.strItemTypeDescription as [Item Type],  
tblItemSizeTypes.strSizeTypeDesc as [Size Desc],  
tblItems.strItemDescription as Description  
FROM tblPersons INNER JOIN ((tblItemSizeTypes INNER JOIN  
(tblItemCategoryType INNER JOIN tblItems ON  
tblItemCategoryType.chrItemTypeID = tblItems.chrItemTypeID) ON  
tblItemSizeTypes.chrItemSizeTypeID = tblItems.chrItemSizeTypeID)  
INNER JOIN tblItemIssue ON tblItems.guidItemID =  
tblItemIssue.guidItemID) ON tblPersons.guidPersonID =  
tblItemIssue.guidPersonID  
WHERE (((tblPersons.chrPersonTypeID)="S"));
```

POP-UP –

	Name	# Issued	Item Type	Size Desc	Description
▶	Jaspers, Todd	2	Staff Shirt	Large	Large Dolphins AQUA/GREEN GameDay Shirt
	Abella, Lilliana	1	Staff Shirt	Large	Large Dolphins AQUA/GREEN GameDay Shirt
	Farendorf, Jessica	1	Staff Shirt	Small	Small Dolphins AQUA/GREEN GameDay Shirt
*					

Record: 1 of 3

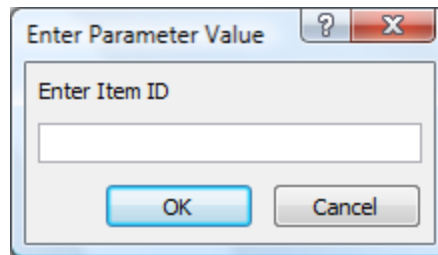
Quick Delete - Delete Item by Item ID

This form allows the equipment manager to delete an item by it's item ID.

SQL –

```
DELETE *  
FROM tblItems  
WHERE [Enter Item ID] = guidItemID;
```

POP-UP –



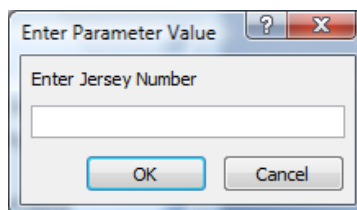
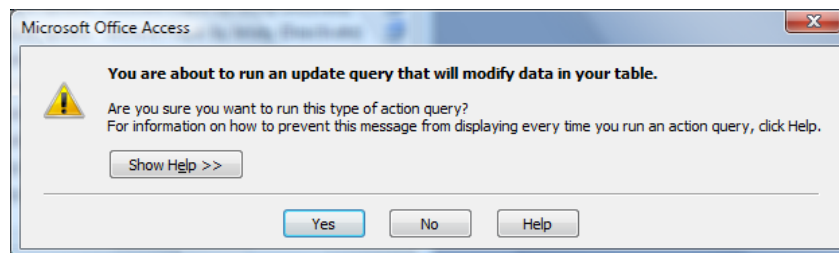
Quick Update - Activate Player by Jersey (Activate)

This form allows the equipment manager to re-activate a player by Jersey Number.

SQL –

```
UPDATE tblPersons SET bitActive = true  
WHERE [Enter Jersey Number]=intJersey;
```

POP-UP –



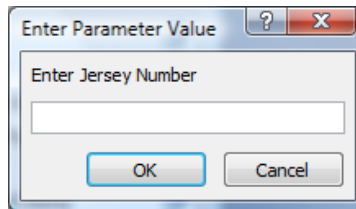
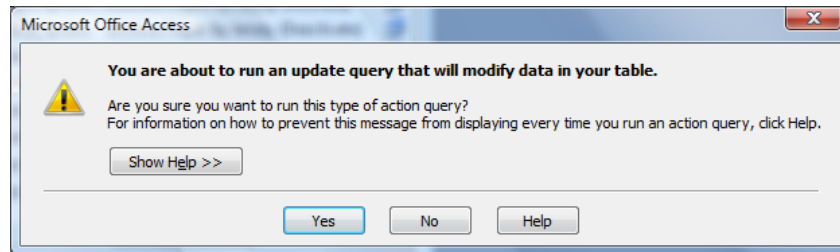
Quick Update - Archive Player by Jersey (Deactivate)

This form allows the equipment manager to archive a player by Jersey Number.

SQL –

```
UPDATE tblPersons SET bitActive = false  
WHERE [Enter Jersey Number] = intJersey;
```

POP-UP –



REPORTS:

Report - CURRENT ISSUANCE REPORT

This report is one of the more complex reports. Although fairly simply visually, it includes a lot of the features that SQL offers. This report lists all the items in the system, sorted by type. It includes the description, the total number on hand, the total number issued, and the “available” number is mathematically derived from the two. Please note this query includes: ALIASES, INNER JOINS, a LEFT JOIN, GROUPING, ORDERING, and aggregate functions like SUM.

“Available” Field Function –

```
=IIf(IsNull([Issued]),[Total],[Total]-[Issued])
```

SQL Query – **xqryReportIssuance**

```
SELECT tblItemCategoryType.strItemTypeDescription AS Type,
tblItemSizeTypes.strSizeTypeDesc AS [Size],
tblItems.strItemDescription AS Description, tblItems.intNumOnHand
AS Total, Sum(tblItemIssue.intNumIssued) AS Issued,
tblItems.intNumOnHand-Sum(tblItemIssue.intNumIssued) AS
Available, tblItemSizeTypes.intSortOrder
FROM (tblItemSizeTypes INNER JOIN (tblItemCategoryType INNER JOIN
tblItems ON tblItemCategoryType.chrItemTypeID =
tblItems.chrItemTypeID) ON tblItemSizeTypes.chrItemSizeTypeID =
tblItems.chrItemSizeTypeID) LEFT JOIN tblItemIssue ON
tblItems.guidItemID = tblItemIssue.guidItemID
GROUP BY tblItemCategoryType.strItemTypeDescription,
tblItemSizeTypes.strSizeTypeDesc, tblItems.strItemDescription,
tblItems.intNumOnHand, tblItemSizeTypes.intSortOrder
ORDER BY tblItemCategoryType.strItemTypeDescription,
tblItemSizeTypes.intSortOrder;
```

Query Output:

Type	Size	Description	Total	Issued	Available	intSortOrder
Player Practice Cleats	Large	Nike Cleats	52			2
Staff Shirt	Small	Small Dolphins AQUA	6	1	5	0
Staff Shirt	Large	Large Dolphins AQUA	10	3	7	2
Staff Shirt	Extra Large	XL Dolphins AQUA	4			3

Report Output:



The screenshot shows a window titled "CURRENT ISSUANCE REPORT" with a standard Windows-style title bar. The main content area features a grey header with the text "ITEM STATUS / ISSUED ITEMS" in bold, orange font. Below this is a table with the following columns: "Type", "Size", "Item Description", "Total", "Iss.", and "Avl.". The table is divided into two sections: "Player Practice Cleats" and "Staff Shirt".

Type	Size	Item Description	Total	Iss.	Avl.
Player Practice Cleats					
	Large	Nike Cleats	52	52	
Staff Shirt					
	Large	Large Dolphins AQUA/GREEN GameDay Shirt	10	3	7
	Small	Small Dolphins AQUA/GREEN GameDay Shirt	6	1	5
	Extra Large	XL Dolphins AQUA/GREEN GameDay Shirt	4		4

At the bottom of the window, there is a page navigation bar showing "Page: 1" and several navigation icons (back, forward, search, etc.).

Report - CURRENT STAFF LIST

This report is one of the less complicated reports. It simply lists all staff, organized by type (non Players). Note, this query includes Inner Joins, and conditionals including NOT EQUAL to “<>”.

SQL Query – **xqryReportStaffList**

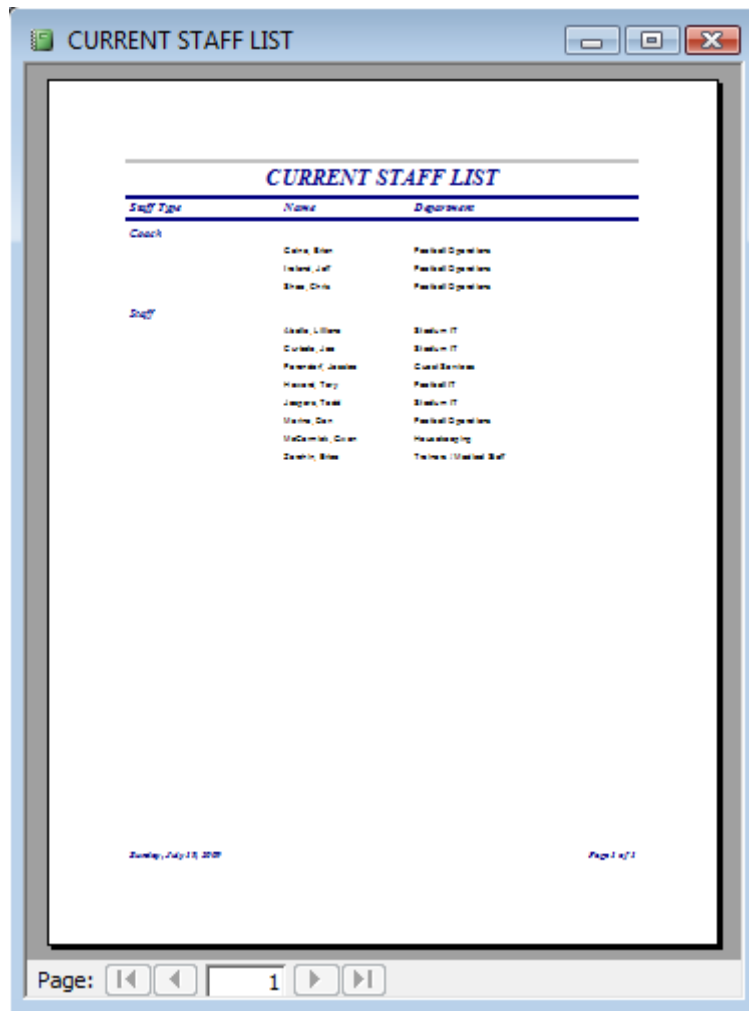
```
SELECT tblPersons.strLastName+", "+tblPersons.strFirstName AS Name,
tblPersonType.strPersonTypeDesc AS [Staff Type],
tblDepartment.strDepartmentDesc AS Department
FROM tblPersonType INNER JOIN (tblDepartment INNER JOIN tblPersons ON
tblDepartment.chrDepartmentCodeID=tblPersons.chrDepartmentCodeID) ON
tblPersonType.chrPersonTypeID=tblPersons.chrPersonTypeID
WHERE (((tblPersonType.strPersonTypeDesc)<>"Player") AND
((tblPersons.bitActive)=True))
ORDER BY tblPersonType.strPersonTypeDesc, tblPersons.strLastName+",
"+tblPersons.strFirstName;
```

Query Output:

Name	Staff Type	Department
Gaine, Brian	Coach	Football Operations
Ireland, Jeff	Coach	Football Operations
Shea, Chris	Coach	Football Operations
Abella, Lilliana	Staff	Stadium IT
Curbelo, Joe	Staff	Stadium IT
Farendorf, Jessica	Staff	Guest Services
Howard, Tery	Staff	Football IT
Jaspers, Todd	Staff	Stadium IT
McCormick, Gwen	Staff	Housekeeping
Zarchin, Erica	Staff	Trainers / Medical Staff

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Report Output:



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title "CURRENT STAFF LIST". The main content is a table with the following structure:

<i>CURRENT STAFF LIST</i>		
<i>Staff Type</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Department</i>
<i>Coach</i>		
	Cain, Brian	Football Operations
	Fisher, Jeff	Football Operations
	Shaw, Chris	Football Operations
<i>Staff</i>		
	Grillo, Lillian	Student IT
	Curale, Joe	Student IT
	Palmer, Justin	Club Services
	Hansen, Terry	Football IT
	Jasper, Tom	Student IT
	Urbino, Dan	Football Operations
	McGinnis, Owen	Housekeeping
	Zachary, Mike	The new Unlabeled Staff

At the bottom of the page, there is a footer with the date "Sunday, July 18, 2010" on the left and "Page 1 of 1" on the right. Below the page content is a navigation bar with the text "Page:" followed by navigation icons (back, forward, search) and a page number "1".

Report – VENDOR CONTACT LIST

This report is simply a means for the equipment manager to be able to see a complete list of all of his vendors.

SQL Query – `xqryReportVendorList`

```
SELECT tblVendor.strVendorName, tblVendor.strVenAddStreet1,
tblVendor.strVenAddStreet2, tblVendor.strVenAddCity,
tblVendor.strVenAddState, tblVendor.strVenAddZip, tblVendor.strVenPhone,
tblVendor.strVenWebSite
FROM tblVendor
ORDER BY tblVendor.strVendorName;
```

Query Output:

strVendorName	strVenAddStreet1	strVenAddStreet2	strVenAddCity	strVenAddState	strVenAddZip	strVenPhone	strVenWebSite
Champion Sports	123 Chain Bridge F		Vienna	VA	22180-	(232) 434-2301	http://www.Chan
Cutter & Buck	701 N. 34th Street	Suite 400	Seattle	WA	98130-	(800) 713-7181	http://www.cutte
FRANKLIN SPORTS INC	North 23rd Jefferso		Deming	NM	72320-	(710) 812-2211	http://www.Frank
Jerzees Athletics	755 Lee Street		Alexander City	AL	35011-0012	(800) 321-1131	http://www.jerze
Nike Professional	One Bowerman Dri		Beaverton	OR	97005-	(800) 806-6451	http://www.nike.i
Riddell Company	9801 W. Higgins R	Suite 800	Rosemont	IL	60018-	(866) 437-8351	http://www.riddel
Schutt Sports Football Inc.	8 McFadden Road		Easton	PA	18045-	(800) 248-0011	http://www.schul

Record: 1 of 7

Report Output:

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title 'qryReportVendorList'. The main content area displays a report titled 'Vendor Contact List'. The report contains a table with three columns: Vendor Name, Phone Number, and Website URL. The data is as follows:

Vendor Name	Phone Number	Website URL
Champion Sports	Ph. (302) 431-0300	Website: http://www.ChampionSports.com
Cutter & Buck	Ph. (302) 713-7100	Website: http://www.cutterandbuck.com/
FRANKLIN SPORTS INC	Ph. (714) 810-0310	Website: http://www.FranklinSports.com
Jazzmax Athletics	Ph. (302) 321-1133	Website: http://www.jazzmax.com/
Nike Professional	Ph. (302) 322-4422	Website: http://www.nike.com
Riddell Company	Ph. (302) 427-8333	Website: http://www.riddell.com/
Schutt Sports Football Inc.	Ph. (302) 348-0010	Website: http://www.schuttathletics.com/

At the bottom of the browser window, there is a page indicator showing 'Page: 1' and navigation buttons. The date and time 'Tuesday, July 27, 2010' and 'Page 1 of 1' are also visible.

Report – ITEM SIZE DEFINITIONS REPORT

This report lists the item size definitions, this is probably the least complicated query / report in the system.

SQL Query – `xqryReportItemSizeList`

```
SELECT tblItemSizeTypes.*  
FROM tblItemSizeTypes  
ORDER BY tblItemSizeTypes.intSortOrder;
```

Query Output:

chrItemSizeTypeID	strSizeTypeDesc	intSortOrder
S	Small	0
M	Medium	1
L	Large	2
XL	Extra Large	3
XXL	2x Extra Large	4
XXXL	3x Extra Large	5
*		0

Report Output:

CURRENT ITEM SIZE DEFINITIONS

<i>Sort Order</i>	<i>Item Type ID</i>	<i>Size Descriptions</i>
0	S	Small
1	M	Medium
2	L	Large
3	XL	Extra Large
4	XXL	2x Extra Large
5	XXXL	3x Extra Large

Report – ITEM TYPE DEFINITIONS REPORT

This report lists the item type definitions, sorted by whether or not the item is for Players Only, or not.

SQL Query – **xqryReportItemTypeList**

```
SELECT tblItemCategoryType.chrItemTypeID,  
tblItemCategoryType.strItemTypeDescription,  
tblItemCategoryType.bitPlayerItem  
FROM tblItemCategoryType  
ORDER BY tblItemCategoryType.bitPlayerItem;
```

Query Output:

chrItemTypeID	strItemTypeDescription	bitPlayerItem
PPS	Player Practice Shell	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PPP	Player Practice Pants	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PPC	Player Practice Cleats	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PJY	Player Jersey	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PHS	Player Helmet Size	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PGS	Player Game Shell	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PGP	Player Game Pants	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PGC	Player Game Cleats	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
SST	Staff Shirt	<input type="checkbox"/>
SSS	Staff Shoes	<input type="checkbox"/>
SPT	Staff Pants	<input type="checkbox"/>
SJT	Staff Jacket	<input type="checkbox"/>
SHT	Staff Hat	<input type="checkbox"/>
*		<input type="checkbox"/>

Report Output:

Player Only Item?	Item Type ID	Description
Yes	PGC	Player Game Cloak
	PGP	Player Game Pants
	PGS	Player Game Shield
	PHS	Player Helmet Skin
	PJY	Player Jersey
	PFC	Player Faction Cloak
	PFP	Player Faction Pants
	PFS	Player Faction Shield
No	SHT	Staff Hat
	SJT	Staff Jacket
	SPT	Staff Pants
	SSS	Staff Shoes
	SST	Staff Shirt

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Page: 1

Report – PLAYER LIST by Jersey Number

This report lists all Players by Jersey Number, sorted by active status.

SQL Query – xqryReportPlayerList

```
SELECT tblPersons.intJersey, tblPersons.strLastName,  
tblPersons.strFirstName, tblPersons.bitActive  
FROM tblPersons  
WHERE (((tblPersons.chrPersonTypeID)="P"))  
ORDER BY tblPersons.bitActive, tblPersons.intJersey;
```

Query Output:

intJersey	strLastName	strFirstName	bitActive
34	Williams	Rickey	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
42	Brown	Ronnie	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
0	Collins	Cecil	<input type="checkbox"/>
13	Marino	Dan	<input type="checkbox"/>

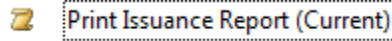
Report Output:

PLAYER LIST by Jersey Number

<i>Active Status</i>	<i>Jersey #</i>	<i>Last Name</i>	<i>First Name</i>
<i>Yes</i>	34	Williams	Rickey
	42	Brown	Ronnie
<i>No</i>	0	Collins	Cecil
	13	Marino	Dan

MACRO – Print Issuance Report (Current)

This macro produces a report and automatically prints it.



	Action	Comment
▶	OpenQuery	Open Query - xqryIssuanceReport
	OpenReport	Print Report - Current Issuance Report

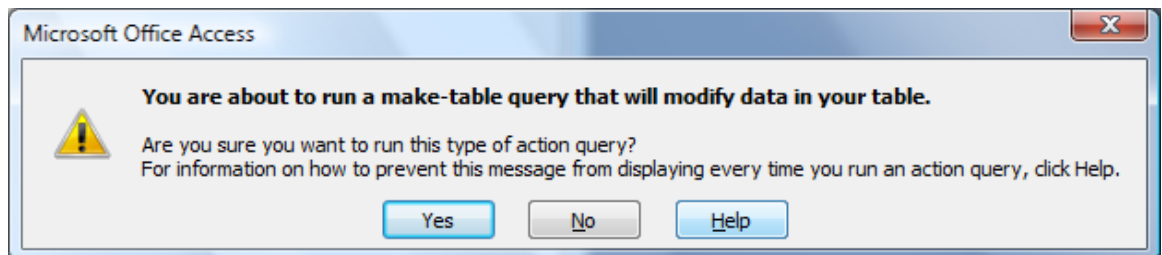
SQL Query – xqryIssuanceReport (MAKE TABLE QUERY)

```
SELECT tblItems.strItemDescription AS [Item Description],
tblItems.intNumOnHand AS Total, Sum(tblItemIssue.intNumIssued) AS Issued,
tblItems.intNumOnHand-Sum(tblItemIssue.intNumIssued) AS Available,
tblItemSizeTypes.strSizeTypeDesc AS [Size],
tblItemCategoryType.strItemTypeDescription AS Type INTO
tblItemIssuanceReport_TEMP
FROM (tblItemSizeTypes INNER JOIN (tblItemCategoryType INNER JOIN
tblItems ON tblItemCategoryType.chrItemTypeID = tblItems.chrItemTypeID)
ON tblItemSizeTypes.chrItemSizeTypeID = tblItems.chrItemSizeTypeID) INNER
JOIN tblItemIssue ON tblItems.guidItemID = tblItemIssue.guidItemID
GROUP BY tblItems.strItemDescription, tblItems.intNumOnHand,
tblItemSizeTypes.strSizeTypeDesc,
tblItemCategoryType.strItemTypeDescription;
```

Query Output:

Type	Size	Description	Total	Issued	Available	intSortOrder
▶ Player Practice Cleats	Large	Nike Cleats	52			2
Staff Shirt	Small	Small Dolphins AQL	6	1	5	0
Staff Shirt	Large	Large Dolphins AQL	10	3	7	2
Staff Shirt	Extra Large	XL Dolphins AQUA	4			3

Report Output:



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